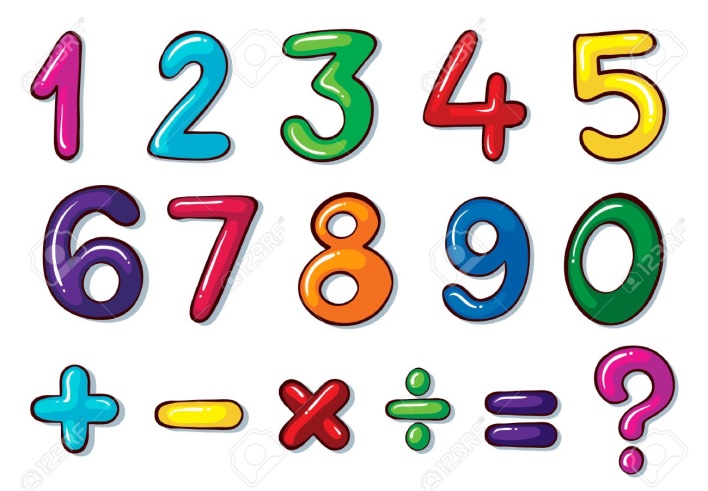
**What are NUMERICAL EXPRESSIONS?**

A numerical expression is a mathematical phrase representing a **single value** consisting of one or more **numbers** and **operations**.

****

These operations involve **Addition**, **Subtraction**, **Multiplication,** and **Division**.

The picture shows the numbers and operations you can mix up to form a numerical expression. Also, remember that there should be **NO** equal sign “**=**” in the expression because that would be a different story ☺!

**Expressions WITH or WITHOUT Parentheses**

This lesson is an in-depth discussion of when **to use** and **not to use** parentheses in translating verbal expressions into numerical expressions.

**When do you use parenthesis?**

Parentheses, with the symbol “( )”, in numerical expressions is used to:

Separate numbers for accuracy and clarity

Indicate multiplication

Group numbers to order the given operations

**How do you compare a verbal phrase with parentheses and without them?**

**Compare the statements below:**

**Example 2:**

**Eleven minus five plus four**

**Example 1:**

**Eleven minus the sum of five and four**

**Parentheses**for numerical expressions are used to **group**numbers with operations that must be done first. Let’s compare the two verbal phrases above and find out which needs parentheses, and which does not.

**Example 1:**

**Eleven minus the sum of five and four**

If you are asked to translate the verbal phrase above to its corresponding numerical expression, you need to READ and UNDERSTAND the phrase carefully.

**Eleven minus the sum of five and four**

Here, you must pay attention to the clues… **PLUS** and **SUM** both mean to **ADD.** But… the word “sum” in the phrase above must be grouped, enclosed in **PARENTHESES,** and must be performed first.

So… going back to the example:

**Eleven minus the sum of five and four**

will be translated as a numerical expression:

**Example 2:**

**Eleven minus five plus four**

The same thing goes for this example; you need to READ and UNDERSTAND the phrase carefully.

**Eleven minus five plus four**

The standard way to translate this verbal phrase into a numerical expression is:

Notice that everything is still there except the “parentheses”. Here instead of the word “sum”,… the word “plus” is used. There is no need for grouping in this type of example.

Each expression, when evaluated, will give different values.

**Sample Problem 1:**

Highlight the verbal phrase that needs parentheses **GREEN**.

1. The sum of three times four plus seven
2. Three times four plus seven
3. Three times the sum of four and seven
4. Ten divided by two times five
5. The quotient of ten and two times five
6. Ten divided by the product of two and five

Solution:

Highlight the verbal phrase that needs parentheses **GREEN**.

1. The sum of three times four plus seven
2. Three times four plus seven
3. Three times the sum of four and seven
4. Ten divided by two times five
5. The quotient of ten and two times five
6. Ten divided by the product of two and five

**Sample Problem 2:**

Translate the statements in **Sample Problem 2** into numerical expressions. Place the parentheses (if needed) correctly.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. The sum of three times four plus seven |  |
| 1. Three times four plus seven |  |
| 1. Three times the sum of four and seven |  |
| 1. Ten divided by two times five |  |
| 1. The quotient of ten and two times five |  |
| 1. Ten divided by the product of two and five |  |