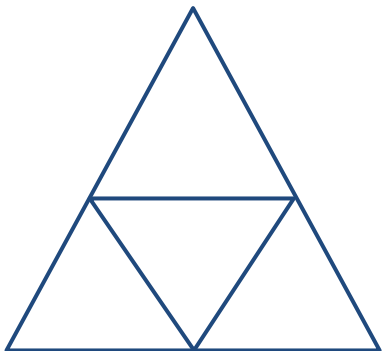


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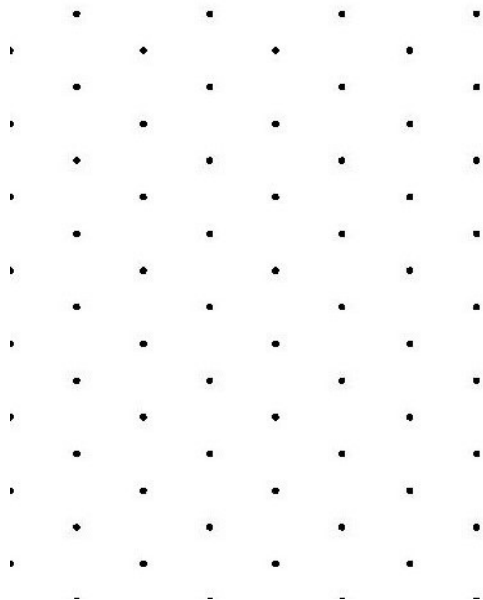
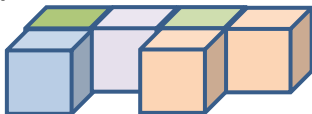
1. Name a three-dimensional figure that can be formed from each net.



2. Use isometric dot paper to sketch a rectangular prism that is 2 units high. The bases are rectangles with 3 unit's length and 2 unit's width.



3. Make an isometric drawing of each on isometric dot paper.



4. Draw four points, D , F , L and K in plane π . Points D , F and K are collinear. Then sketch \overrightarrow{LF} and \overrightarrow{DK} .

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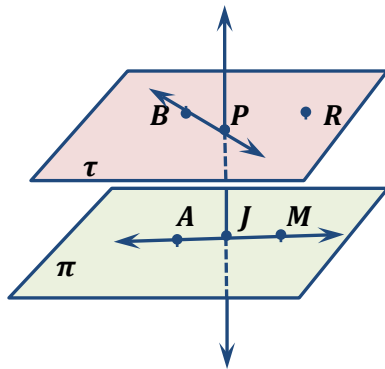
5. Draw and label figure for each relationship.

a. Line segment \overline{NM}

b. Line \overleftrightarrow{GR}

c. Ray \overrightarrow{OR} and ray \overrightarrow{OT}

6. Refer to each figure.



Name the intersection of plane π and line \overleftrightarrow{PJ} .

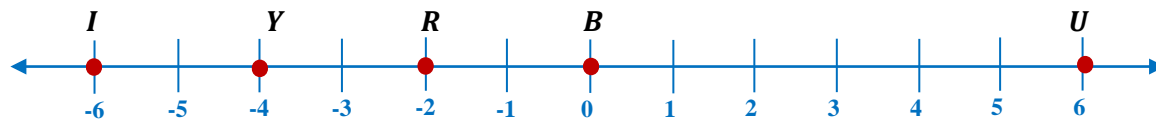
Name the intersection of plane τ and line \overleftrightarrow{PJ} .

Name a point that is coplanar with B and P .

Name the opposite ray of ray \overrightarrow{JM} .

7. Find the length of each segment using number line. Determine whether each of the segments is congruent.

$IY = ?$ $YR = ?$ $RU = ?$ $IU = ?$



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8. Find the value of x and the length of each segment using segment addition postulate.

Point A is between points S and K .

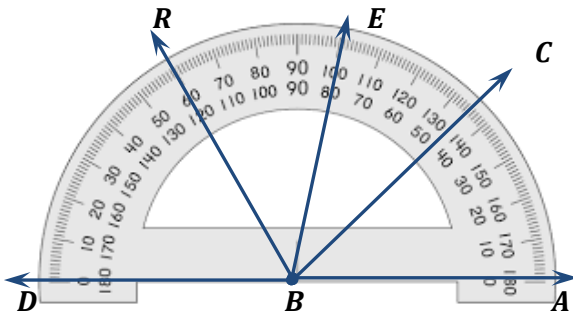
The points are collinear.

$$SA = x - 5 \quad AK = x - 3 \quad SK = 10$$

$$\overline{SA} = ? \quad \overline{AK} = ?$$

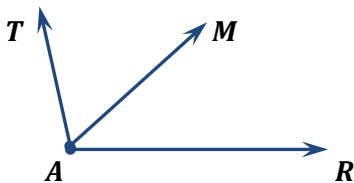
9. Find the measure of each angle.

$$m\angle CBE, m\angle EBR, m\angle DBC = ?$$



10. Find the indicated angle measures.

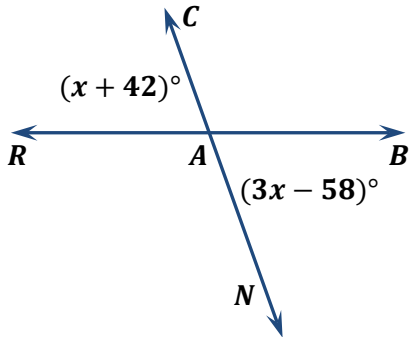
If \overline{AM} bisects $\angle RAT$ and $m\angle RAT = 142$, find $m\angle RAM$ and $m\angle MAT$.



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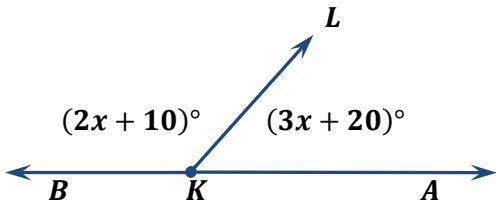
11. Find the value of x and then the indicated angle measures.

$m\angle RAC$, $m\angle BAN$, $m\angle BAC$, and $m\angle NAR = ?$

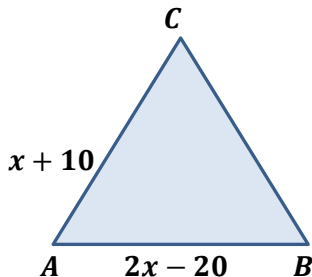


12. Find the value of x and then the indicated angle measures.

If angles $\angle AKL$ and $\angle BKL$ are supplementary and $m\angle AKL = 3x + 20$, $m\angle BKL = 2x + 10$, what are $m\angle AKL$ and $m\angle BKL$?



13. Expressions are given for two side lengths of regular polygon. Find the value of x .



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14. Draw a figure that fits the description.

- a. Concave dodekagon b. Convex decagon c. Convex quadrilateral

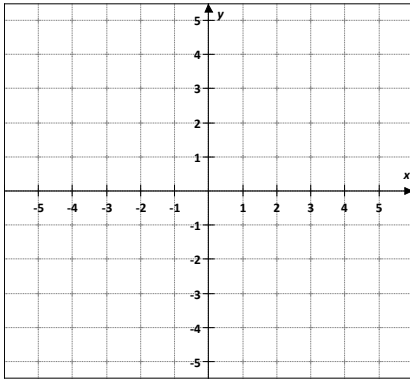
15. Determine the point C on the y -axis that is equidistant from $A(4, 1)$ and $B(-4, -1)$

16. Determine if $A(1, 1)$, $B(6, 1)$ and $C(6, 4)$ are the vertices of a right triangle.

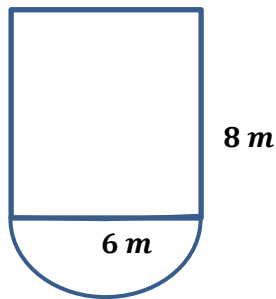
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17. Draw the figure in the coordinate plane. Find the perimeter and area.

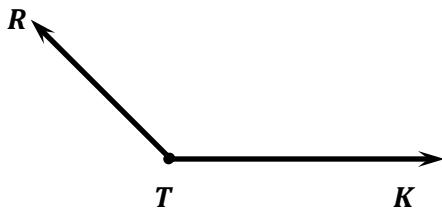
$A(-5, -4)$, $T(3, -4)$, $B(-5, 4)$ and $C(3, 4)$
 $P_{ABCT} = ?$ $A_{ABCT} = ?$



18. Find the area of the figure.



19. Construct the bisector of the given angle.



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20. Construct a line parallel to a given line through a point not on the given line.

