

## Review: Subtracting Fractions with Like Denominators

Subtract the numerators
Keep the same denominators


## Subtraction Involving Mixed Numbers

We can subtract mixed numbers by following these steps:

1. Write the mixed numbers as the whole number + the fraction
2. Subtract the whole numbers
3. Subtract the fractions
4. Combine the differences to form a mixed number

Example: $5 \frac{6}{7}-3 \frac{2}{7}$
Step 1: $5 \frac{6}{7}=5+\frac{6}{7}$ and $3 \frac{2}{7}=3+\frac{2}{7} \quad$ so $\quad 5 \frac{6}{7}-3 \frac{2}{7}=5+\frac{6}{7}-3+\frac{2}{7}$
Step 2: 5-3 = 2
Step 3: $\frac{6}{7}-\frac{2}{7}=\frac{4}{7}$
Step 4: $5 \frac{6}{7}-3 \frac{2}{7}=2 \frac{4}{7}$

## Subtraction Involving Mixed Numbers using Models

 $5 \frac{6}{7}-3 \frac{2}{7} \quad=\quad 2 \frac{4}{7}$

## Subtraction Involving Mixed Numbers using Number Lines

$$
5 \frac{6}{7}-3 \frac{2}{7}=2 \frac{4}{7}
$$

Start at $5 \frac{6}{7}$
Subtract 3 wholes
Subtract $\frac{2}{7}$
Start at $5 \frac{6}{7}-1$ whole or $\frac{7}{7}=4 \frac{6}{7}-1$ whole or $\frac{7}{7}=3 \frac{6}{7}-1$ whole or $\frac{7}{7}=2 \frac{6}{7}-\frac{1}{7}-\frac{1}{7}=2 \frac{4}{7}$


Let's Practice: Subtraction Involving Mixed Numbers

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 3 \frac{3}{8}-2 \frac{1}{8}=1 \frac{2}{8} \\
& 4 \frac{11}{12}-2 \frac{8}{12}=2 \frac{3}{12}=2 \frac{1}{4}
\end{aligned}
$$

